

Effect of ABCB1 Multidrug Resistance Protein on Efficacy of Anti-Myeloma Drugs in Carfilzomib-Resistant Myeloma Model

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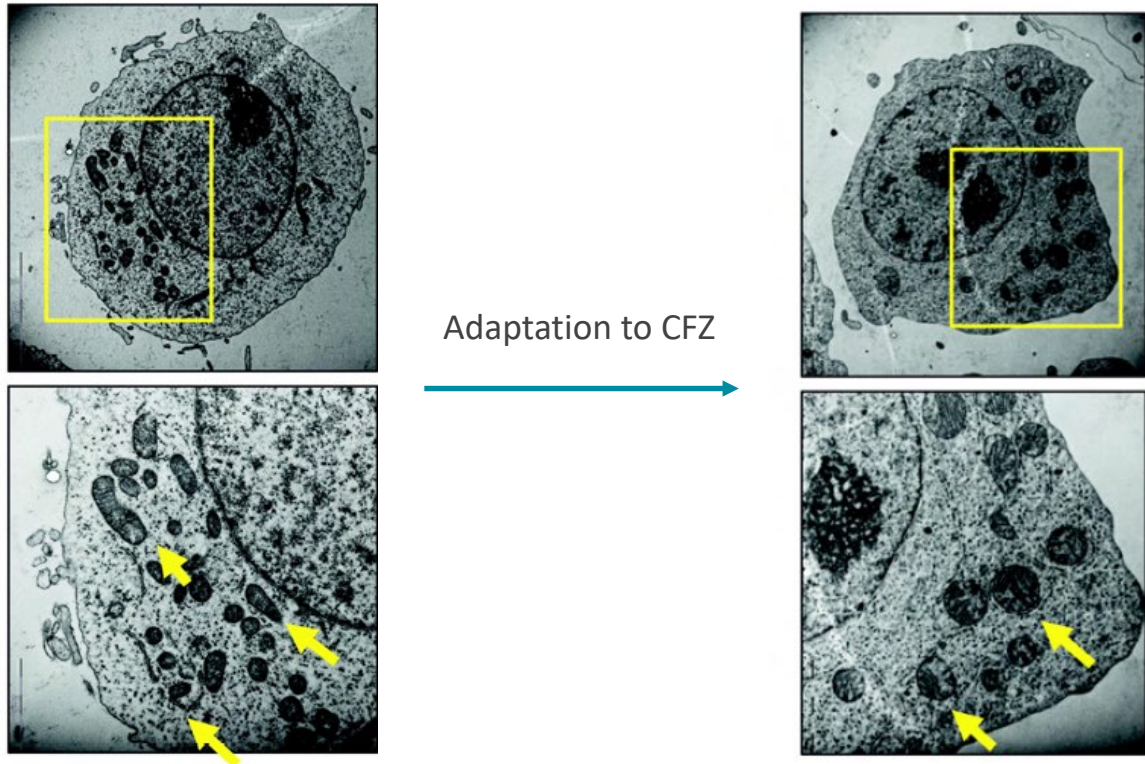
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Disclosures

- Konstantin Byrgazov (Oncopeptides AB, employment)
- Ana Slipicevic (Oncopeptides AB, employment)
- Fredrik Lehmann (Oncopeptides AB, employment, equity)
- Christoph Driessen (Oncopeptides AB, research grant)

Resistance to carfilzomib

- Carfilzomib (CFZ) is a second-generation proteasome inhibitor approved for multiple myeloma (MM) treatment in 2012.
- CFZ-resistance is associated with complex metabolic changes and up-regulation of multidrug resistance protein MDR1/ABCB1 (Besse et al., 2018).



Besse et al., Haematologica 2019

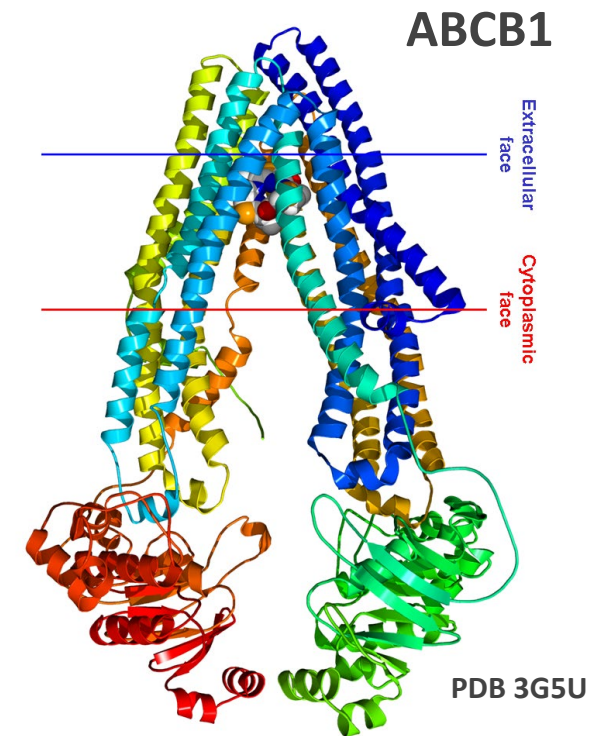
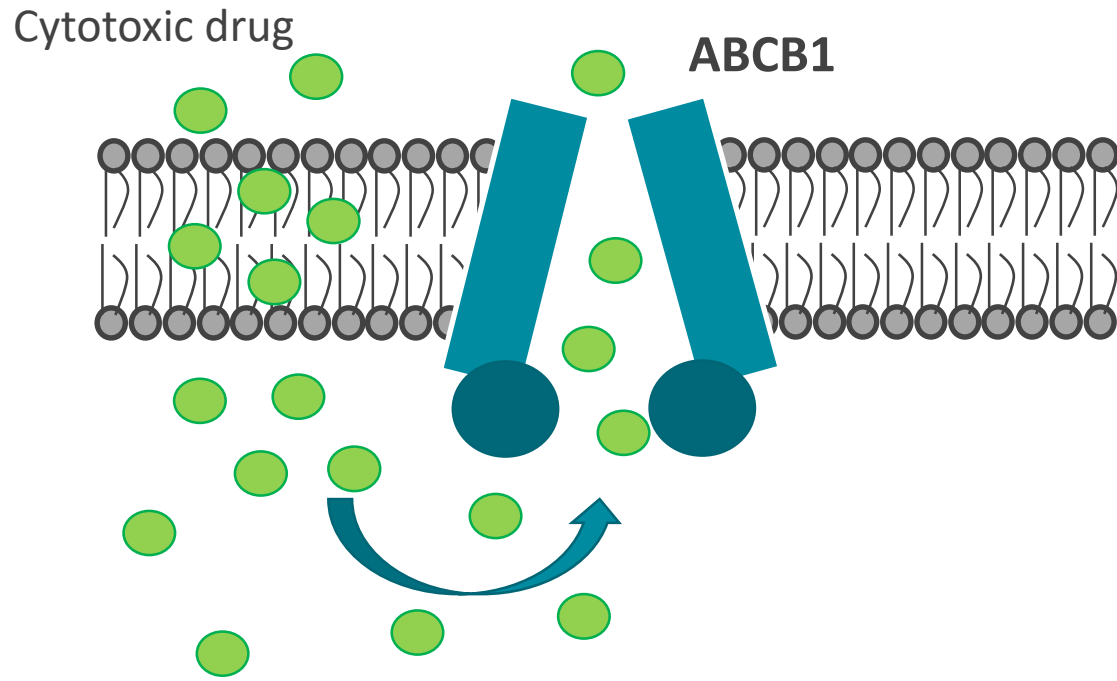
Features of CFZ-resistance

1. Larger Mitochondria
2. Up-regulation of oxidative phosphorylation (OXYPHOS) ↑
3. Independence on standard proteasome activity
4. Multidrug resistance protein ABCB1 is up-regulated ↑

Besse et al., Leukemia 2018
Besse et al., Haematologica 2019

Multidrug resistance protein ABCB1/MDR1

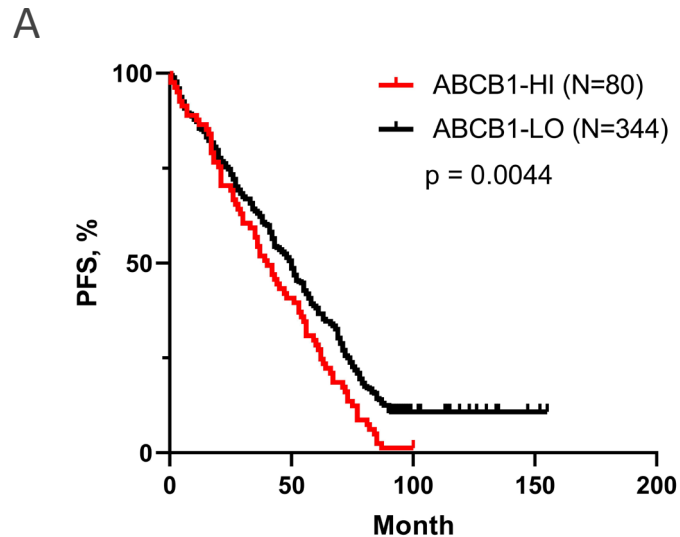
- ABCB1 is an efflux pump removing toxic compounds from the cell.
- Implicated in drug resistance in cancer.
- Prognostic value in myeloma patients treated with VAD (Vincristine, Adriamycin/doxorubicin, dexamethasone) (Grogan et al., Blood 1993).
- Up-regulated in carfilzomib-resistant myeloma and progression to extramedullary disease (EMD) in MM (Besse et al., Leukemia 2018).



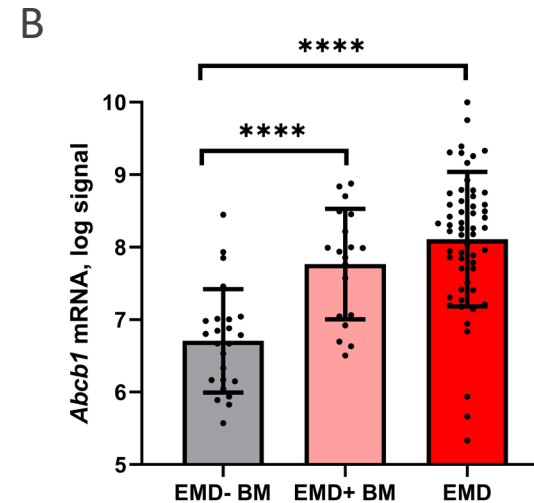
High ABCB1 expression is associated with high-risk myeloma

A) Higher expression of *ABCB1* confers shorter progression-free survival in multiple myeloma patients treated with novel drugs (proteasome inhibitor + immunomodulatory drug), 40 vs 50 month, HR 0.800, 95% CI 0.6255-1.023.

B) *ABCB1* murine homologue *Abcb1* is up-regulated in extra-medullary disease(EMD)-prone MYC-driven mouse model of multiple myeloma.



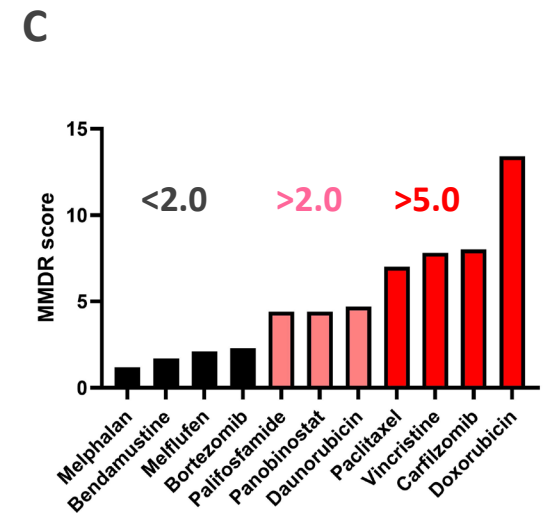
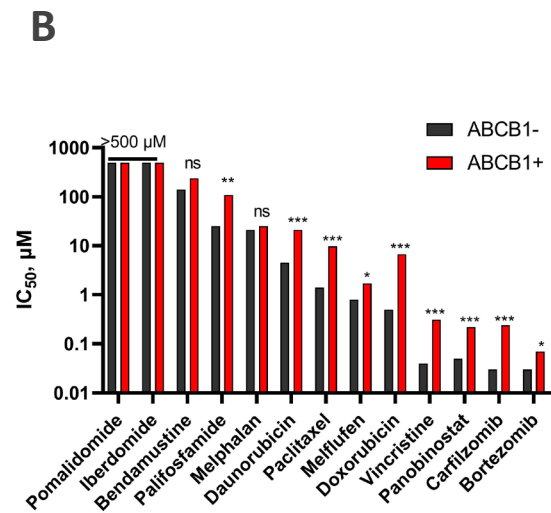
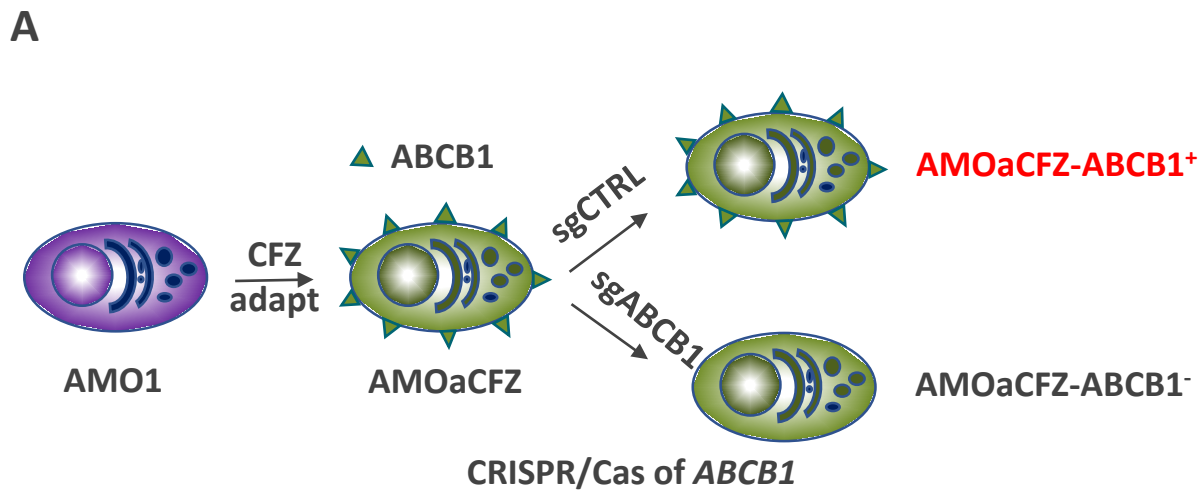
Source: GSE136337



****, $p < 0.0001$ U test
Source: GSE111921

Differential effect of ABCB1 on anti-myeloma drugs in carfilzomib-resistant myeloma model

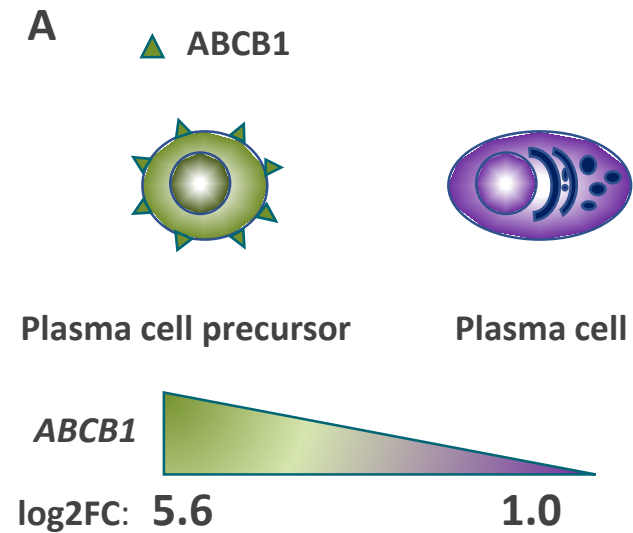
- A)** Generation of isogenic pair of carfilzomib-resistant myeloma cell lines lacking or expressing multidrug resistant protein ABCB1.
- B)** Cytotoxicity of anti-myeloma drugs in ABCB1+ and ABCB1- carfilzomib-resistant cells. Pomalidomide and iberdomide failed to induce cytotoxic effects in both carfilzomib-resistant sublines even at concentrations up to 500 μM. The other drugs produced meaningful IC50 values.
- C)** MMDR score for tested drugs, given as a ratio between IC50 in ABCB1+ and ABCB1- carfilzomib-resistant myeloma sublines, indicates if ABCB1 confers considerable resistance to the drug. Low (<2.0) MMDR score (black bars); Moderate (>2.5 and <5.0) MMDR score (pink bars); High (>5.0) MMDR score (red bars)



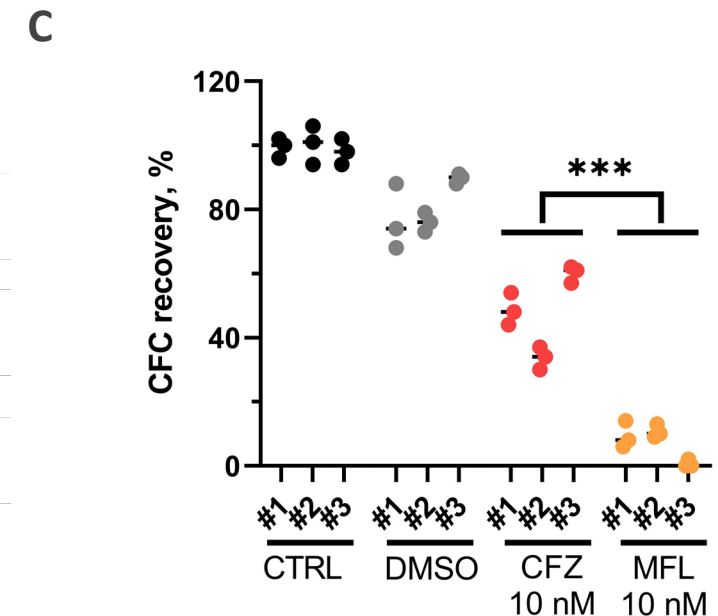
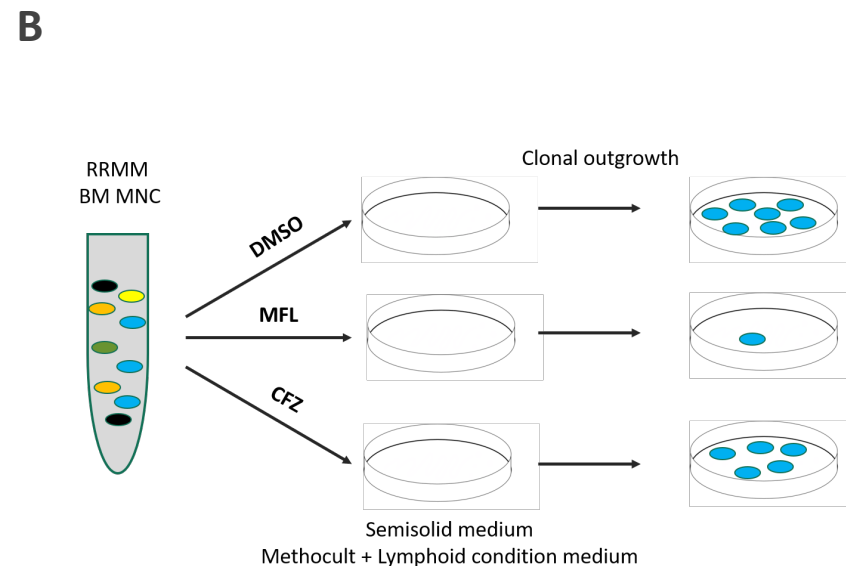
$$\text{MMDR} = \frac{\text{IC}_{50} (\text{ABCB1}^+)}{\text{IC}_{50} (\text{ABCB1}^-)}$$

Differential effect of ABCB1 on anti-myeloma drugs in carfilzomib-resistant myeloma model

- A)** *ABCB1* mRNA is up-regulated in plasma cell precursors ($\log_2\text{FC} = 5.65 \pm 0.32$, U test $p < 0.001$), in comparison to plasma cells.
- B)** Experimental set up of colony-forming cell (CFC) recovery from RRMM BM MNC, indicative of the drug effect on myeloma precursors.
- C)** RRMM CFC recovery from BM MNC upon treatment with DMSO, 10 nM carfilzomib (CFZ), and 10 nM melflufen (MFL). ***, $p < 0.001$, U test.



Source: GSE13411



Conclusions

- High *ABCB1* expression is still associated with poor response in era of novel anti-myeloma drugs.
- *ABCB1* murine homologue *Abcb1* is up-regulated in EMD-prone murine MYC-driven MM model.
- Increased *ABCB1* activity in carfilzomib-resistant multiple myeloma (CFZ-RMM) has a differential effect on anti-myeloma drugs.
- Pomalidomide and iberdomide show no cytotoxic effect in CFZ-RMM cells.
- Melflufen, melphalan, bendamsutine, and bortezomib are only slightly affected by *ABCB1* expression and activity in CFZ-RMM cells.
- Panobinostat, daunorubicin, paclitaxel, vincristine, doxorubicin, carfilzomib are strongly affected by *ABCB1* expression and activity in MM cells.
- *ABCB1* mRNA is up-regulated in plasma cell precursors.
- Melflufen (low MMDR score), but not carfilzomib (high MMDR score), prevents myeloma clonal outgrowth from RRMM bone marrow MNC.

